### 106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 4732

To require certain actions with respect to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) or any other cartel engaged in oil price fixing, production cutbacks, or other market-distorting practices.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 23, 2000

Mr. GILMAN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations, and in addition to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To require certain actions with respect to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) or any other cartel engaged in oil price fixing, production cutbacks, or other market-distorting practices.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "International Energy
- 5 Fair Pricing Act of 2000".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) The Organization of Petroleum Exporting 2 Countries (OPEC), in its capacity as an oil cartel, 3 has been a critical factor in withholding production 4 from the market and driving up oil prices approxi-5 mately 300 percent from January 1999 to June 6 2000.
  - (2) Nationwide, gasoline prices have increased approximately 60 cents a gallon since the beginning of 1999 with crude oil prices increasing 48 cents over this same time period.
  - (3) The Department of Energy's weekly survey showed the average cost of gasoline in the United States increased 5 cents a gallon to \$1.68 from the second to the third week of June 2000, a record high for a fourth week in a row.
  - (4) Price declines in the cost of oil in April 2000, following the March 2000 OPEC meetings, have been reversed because OPEC output did not meet global demand and supply conditions. When OPEC members met in March 2000, quotas were not set high enough for refiners around the world to rebuild crude stocks depleted by winter heating demand.
  - (5) Crude oil stocks in the United States are only 31,000,000 barrels above the lowest operational

- 1 inventories ever observed in recent times (the equiva-
- 2 lent of 2 days of refinery operations) and
- 3 20,000,000 barrels under the normal range for the
- 4 month of June.
- 5 (6) The United States needs to make a system-
- 6 atic review of its bilateral and multilateral policies
- 7 and those of all international organizations and
- 8 international financial institutions to ensure that
- 9 these policies are not directly or indirectly sup-
- 10 porting the oil price fixing activities, policies, and
- programs of OPEC.

#### 12 SEC. 3. POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES.

- 13 (a) Policy With Respect to International Or-
- 14 GANIZATIONS.—It shall be the policy of the United States
- 15 that the extent to which each international organization
- 16 supports, or otherwise recognizes, OPEC will be an impor-
- 17 tant determinant in the relationship between the United
- 18 States and this organization.
- 19 (b) Policy With Respect to International Fi-
- 20 NANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—It shall be the policy of the
- 21 United States that the extent to which each international
- 22 financial institution supports or otherwise recognizes
- 23 OPEC, will be an important determinant in the relation-
- 24 ship between the United States and the institution.

1	(c) Policy With Respect to the Energy and
2	DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES.—The United States should
3	carefully review all the energy development projects and
4	programs administered by the United States Agency for
5	International Development in developing countries to en-
6	sure that these projects and programs do not indirectly
7	or inadvertently support the activities of OPEC.
8	SEC. 4. POLICY TOWARD THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL
9	INSTITUTIONS.
10	(a) Report to the Congress on Activities of
11	THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—No
12	later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this
13	Act, the President shall transmit to the Congress a report
14	that contains the following:
15	(1) A description of any loan, guarantee, or
16	technical assistance provided or to be provided by
17	any international financial institution that does or
18	would directly or indirectly support any activity or
19	program of OPEC or any other cartel, or any mem-
20	ber of OPEC or any other cartel, engaging in pro-
21	duction cutbacks or other market-distorting prac-
22	tices.
23	(2) A description of the energy sector loans of
24	technical assistance provided by, and policies of each

international financial institution, and an analysis of

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1	the extent to which the loans, assistance, or policies
2	promote the complete dismantlement of international
3	oil price fixing arrangements and the development
4	of a market-based system for the exploration, pro-
5	duction, and marketing of petroleum resources.
6	(b) United States Position in International
7	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—The United States Executive
8	Directors at each international financial institution shall
9	use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to
10	oppose the provision of any loan, guarantee, or technical
11	assistance by the institution that would directly or indi-
12	rectly support the activities and programs of OPEC or any
13	other cartel, or any member of OPEC or any other cartel,
14	engaging in production cutbacks or other market-dis-
15	torting practices.
16	SEC. 5. REPORT RELATING TO THE ORGANIZATION FOR
17	ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND DEVELOP-
18	MENT (OECD).
19	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
20	ment of this Act, the President shall prepare and transmit
21	to Congress a report that—
22	(1) describes the efforts of the Organization for
23	Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) to
24	review the market-distorting practices of inter-

national cartels, including OPEC, and recommends

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1	specific actions that the member countries of the
2	OECD can undertake to combat such practices; and
3	(2) describes actions to be taken by the United
4	States to ensure that the OECD expands upon its
5	activities and programs regarding the operation of
6	international cartels.
7	SEC. 6. AMENDMENT TO THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF
8	1961.
9	Section 106 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
10	(22 U.S.C. 2151d) is amended by adding at the end the
11	following:
12	"(g)(1) In carrying out the activities under this chap-
13	ter, the President shall—
14	"(A) ensure that amounts made available to
15	carry out this chapter are not used to support, di-
16	rectly or indirectly, the programs, activities, and
17	policies of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting
18	Countries (OPEC), or any other cartel, or any mem-
19	ber of OPEC or any other cartel, if OPEC or such
20	other cartel engages in oil price fixing; and
21	"(B) certify annually to the appropriate con-
22	gressional committees that the requirement of sub-
23	paragraph (A) has been met for the prior fiscal year.
24	"(2) In this subsection—

1	"(A) the term 'appropriate congressional com-
2	mittees' means—
3	"(i) the Committee on International Rela-
4	tions and the Committee on Banking and Fi-
5	nancial Services of the House of Representa-
6	tives; and
7	"(ii) the Committee on Foreign Relations
8	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
9	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
10	"(B) the term 'oil price fixing' has the meaning
11	given such term in section $7(2)$ of the International
12	Energy Fair Pricing Act of 2000.".
12	SEC & DEFINITIONS
13	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
13 14	In this Act:
14	In this Act:
14 15	In this Act:  (1) International financial institu-
14 15 16	In this Act:  (1) International financial institution.—The term "international financial institu-
14 15 16 17	In this Act:  (1) International financial institution" has the meaning given in section 1701(c)(2) of
14 15 16 17	In this Act:  (1) International financial institution.—The term "international financial institution" has the meaning given in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act.
14 15 16 17 18	In this Act:  (1) International financial institution.—The term "international financial institution" has the meaning given in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act.  (2) OIL PRICE FIXING.—The term "oil price
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	In this Act:  (1) International financial institution.—The term "international financial institution" has the meaning given in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act.  (2) OIL PRICE FIXING.—The term "oil price fixing" means participation in any agreement, ar-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	In this Act:  (1) International financial institution.—The term "international financial institution" has the meaning given in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act.  (2) Oil price fixing.—The term "oil price fixing" means participation in any agreement, arrangement, or understanding with other counties
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	In this Act:  (1) International financial institution.—The term "international financial institution" has the meaning given in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act.  (2) OIL PRICE FIXING.—The term "oil price fixing" means participation in any agreement, arrangement, or understanding with other counties that are oil exporters to increase the price of oil or

1	(3) OPEC.—The term "OPEC" means the Or-
2	ganization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.
3	(4) Petroleum resources.—The term "pe-
4	troleum resources" includes petroleum and natural
5	gas resources.

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